

Basic introduction of IgG and IgM for COVID-19

International Marketing



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Compare with Nucleic Acid Test or PCR





PCR (Polymerase chain reaction) tests measure the ribonucleic acid (RNA, nucleic acid) of the novel coronavirus.

- Nucleic acid (RNA) is inside the virus structure.
- PCR usually takes a long time to get results



Nature Reviews | Microbiology



Antibody test

Antibody, also known as an immunoglobulin (Ig), has different types, such as IgG, IgM. Antibody is not inside virus.

- Antibody can interact with certain antigen (such as virus).
- When body is infected by antigen (such as virus), the body immune system will secret the specific antibody to defend.
- By measuring the level of specific antibody, we can know if the body is or was infected.
- Rapid test





The differences between PCR tests and antibody tests become obvious:

- PCR measures the substance inside the virus, take long time
- Antibody level reflects the infection of the virus and measures the infection indirectly, rapid test

Because of the difference:

- PCR can be used to confirm the infection
- Antibody tests can be used to screen sceptical patients or monitoring the recovery of confirmed infection
- They are both irreplaceable to each other



IgG and IgM





The measured IgG and IgM are specific to the novel coronavirus.

What's the difference between IgG and IgM

- After the virus infection, the antibody IgM appears and rises in the early stage, while antibody IgG appears and rises in the late stage.
- By combining IgG and IgM, we can know if the body is infected and which stage it is.



Colloidal Gold





- Colloidal gold is a kind of method to measure the antibody on a test card. Sometimes it's also called lateral flow method or similar.
- This method doesn't need any equipment to read results. Results can be read through eyes.
- Qualitative results



Test Kit and Operation





Test Kit

- 25 tests per kit
- Components
- Each card report both IgG and IgM results

Each test card is packed inside an individual pouch



Operation

How to use:

- Take one pouch from the kit, open the pouch, put the test card on the table.
- Add 20uL of whole blood (or 10uL of centrifuged serum/plasma) into the sample inlet by a pipette.
- Instantly add 4 drops of diluent into the sample inlet.
- Read the results within 15 minutes (no more than 15 minutes)





Read results





• Diagnosis of COVID-19 can be made based on the following chart







Clinical evaluation-Whole blood

lgG

		Comparison method		Sum
		Positive	Negative	Sum
AIT	Positive	33	2	35
	Negative	1	70	71
Sum		34	72	106

Positive predictive value (Sensitivity)	33/35	94.29% (80.84%~99.30%)
Negative predictive value (Specificity)	70/71	98.59% (92.40%~99.96%)
Total coincidence rate	103/106	97.17% (91.95%~99.41%)



Clinical evaluation-Whole blood

ΙgΜ

		Comparison method		Sum
		Positive	Negative	Sum
AIT	Positive	34	1	35
	Negative	1	76	77
Sum		35	77	112

Positive predictive value (Sensitivity)	34/35	97.14% (85.08%~99.93%)
Negative predictive value (Specificity)	76/77	98.70% (92.98%~99.97%)
Total coincidence rate	110/112	98.21% (93.70%~99.78%)



Clinical evaluation-Serum

lgG

		Comparison method		Sum
		Positive	Negative	Jun
AIT	Positive	33	1	34
	Negative	1	71	72
Sum		34	72	106

Positive predictive value (Sensitivity)	33/34	97.06% (84.67%~99.93%)
Negative predictive value (Specificity)	71/72	98.61% (92.50%~99.97%)
Total coincidence rate	104/106	98.11% (93.35%~99.77%)



Clinical evaluation-Serum

ΙgΜ

		Comparison method		Sum
		Positive	Negative	Jun
AIT	Positive	33	2	35
	Negative	1	76	77
Su	im	34	78	112

Positive predictive value (Sensitivity)	33/35	94.29% (80.84%~99.30%)
Negative predictive value (Specificity)	76/77	98.70% (92.98%~99.97%)
Total coincidence rate	109/112	97.32% (92.37%~99.44%)



Clinical evaluation-Plasma

lgG

		Comparison method		Sum
		Positive	Negative	Jun
AIT	Positive	33	2	35
	Negative	1	70	71
Sum		34	72	106

Positive predictive value (Sensitivity)	33/35	94.29% (80.84%~99.30%)
Negative predictive value (Specificity)	70/71	98.59% (92.40%~99.96%)
Total coincidence rate	103/106	97.17% (91.95%~99.41%)



Clinical evaluation-Plasma

lgM

-		Comparison method		Sum
		Positive	Negative	Sum
AIT	Positive	34	3	37
	Negative	1	74	75
Sum		35	77	112

Positive predictive value (Sensitivity)	34/37	91.89% (78.09%~98.30%)
Negative predictive value (Specificity)	74/75	98.67% (92.79%~99.97%)
Total coincidence rate	108/112	96.43% (91.11%~99.02%)



Transportation, Storage, Packaging





Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV) IgG/IgM Test Kit (Colloidal Gold)

- Transport or store at room temperature from 2 to 30°C
- If individual pouch unopened, the kit can be stored for 12 months.
- Once the individual pouch is opened, this test card should be used within 1 hour.



Packaging







Carton				Kit			Individual Pouch
Quantity (kits)	Gross weight (KG)	Net weight (KG)	Size (CM)	Quantity (tests)	Weight (KG)	Size (CM)	Size (CM)
30 kits	11.20	9.90	56*40*36cm	25	0.33	18*14*8	14*7
14 kits	5.40	4.62	37*32*32cm				





Certification





CE

EN ISO 13485: 2016

EN ISO 15223-1: 2016

EN ISO 18113-1: 2011

EN 13957: 2003

EN 14136: 2004

EN ISO 17511:2003

EN ISO 18113-2:2011

EN ISO 23640:2015

Declaration of Conformity Certificate No.: EU2020006

Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV) IgG/IgM Test Kit (Colloidal gold)

Certificate No.: EU2020006 Standards Applied: Medical devices. Quality management systems. Requirements for regulatory purposes Medical devices. Symbols to be used with medical device labels, labelling and information to be supplied. General requirements EN ISO 14971: 2012 Medical devices. Application of risk management to medical devices In vitro diagnostic medical devices. Information supplied by the manufacturer (labelling). Terms, definitions and general requirements Sampling procedures used for acceptance testing of in vitro diagnostic medical devices. Statistical aspects Use of external quality assessment schemes in the assessment of the performance of in vitro diagnostic examination procedures In vitro diagnostic medical devices - Measurement of quantities in biological samples - Metrological traccability of values assigned to calibrators and control material In vitro diagnostic medical devices - Information supplied by the manufacturer (labelling) - Part 2: In vitro diagnostic reagents for professional use In vitro diagnostic medical devices - Evaluation of stability of in vitro diagnostic reagents

Place, Date of Issue: Signature: Position Held in Company:

Shenzhen, Mar. 19th, 2020 7:1,13 Name of Authorized Signatory: Ms. Yiping Li Management Representative **Classification:** Others device, not in annex II and not for self-testing, not for performance evaluation.

> **Conformity Assessment Route:** IVDD 98/79/EC Annex III (excludes section 6) We herewith declare under sole responsibility that the above mentioned products meet the provisions of the Council Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices.

General Applicable Directive:

Directive 98/79/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices.

Standards Applied:

Product Name:

Model:

25T/kit, 50T/kit

EN ISO13485:2016 EN ISO 23640:2015 EN ISO 15223-1:2016 EN 13975:2003 EN 14136:2004 EN ISO 17511:2003

EN ISO 14971:2012 EN ISO 18113-1:2011 EN ISO 18113-2:2011



THANK YOU

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